

**12th English Unit 3 Questions - New Book****PROSE: In Celebration of Being Alive**

1. Christian Barnard was the first doctor to perform a \_\_\_\_ surgery.

**a) Heart transplant**

b) Cataract

c) Kidney transplant

d) Knee transplant

2. About how many children die before the age of five in a year?

a) Ten million

b) Twelve million

**c) Six million**

d) Fifty million

3. Christian Barnard met with an accident with his \_\_\_\_\_ a few years ago.

a) Brother

**b) Wife**

c) Mother

d) Daughter

4. How did Christian Barnard feel after he met with an accident?

**a) Fear and Anger**

b) Depressed

c) Sad and lonely

d) Lost his memory

5. Christian Barnard felt bad for his \_\_\_\_\_ waiting for him.

a) Labourers

b) Workers

**c) Patients**

d) Assistants

6. Who would have said to Christian Barnard as "Suffering ennobles you- makes you a better person"?

- a) **Father**
- b) Teacher
- c) Guardian
- d) Mother

7. How did the hospitalization of Christian Barnard's wife affect her routine?

- a) She was also a doctor.
- b) She was working as a teacher.
- c) **She had a young baby needed her care.**
- d) She was running a trust.

8. Why the children had to suffer for their heart surgery?

- a) At that time they could not have a sophisticated heart surgery.
- b) They believed totally in Doctor and nurses.
- c) They accepted that suffering was due to their fate.
- d) **All the above**

9. Which of these made Christian Barnard to think about the solace of suffering?

- a) When his wife was severely injured by the accident.
- b) **Cape Town's Red Cross children's Hospital visit.**
- c) During his daily visit to his hospital.
- d) When he remembered about his brother's death.

10. What was special about the children who had fun in the hospital?

- a) The boys were brothers and they had met with an accident a day before.
- b) Both the boys were school friends and neighbours infected by the same disease.
- c) **The mechanic boy moving the trolley was blind and the driving boy had only one arm.**
- d) The boys were from the refugee camps with severe infections.

11. Which of this event was compared by Christian Ballard with the fun race of boys?

- a) The Champions League

**b) Indianapolis 500**

c) Wimbledon

d) Olympics

12. How old was the boy who was riding the trolley as a mechanic?

**a) Seven**

b) Ten

c) Four

d) Six

13. The trolley driver had to return back to the hospital after his heart surgery because of the \_\_\_\_\_.

a) Pneumonia

b) Another hole in the heart.

c) Brain dysfunction.

**d) Malignant bone tumour.**

14. What did the driving boy told about their race to Christian Barnard?

a) He was an excellent driver motivated by his own skills.

**b) He had a good confidence about the mechanic.**

c) He was trying to hide his suffering.

d) His father was the best driver in the world.

15. What was the profound lesson given by the children to Christian Barnard?

**a) The business of living is the celebration of being alive.**

b) Suffering makes you a better person.

c) Who suffers from love, feels no pain

d) He, who fears to suffer, suffers from fear

16. You don't become a better person because you are \_\_\_\_\_.

a) Wise

b) Rich

**c) Suffering**

d) Humble

17. According to the lesson learnt by Christian Barnard what is important in a life?

a) What is lost in a life?

**b) What you have left in your life?**

c) What you have proved in your life?

d) What have you earned in your life?

18. What is the birth place of Christian Barnard?

a) England

b) United States of America

**c) South Africa**

d) Germany

19. Which of these motivated Christian Barnard to pursue medicine?

**a) After the loss of his brother due to cardiac ailment.**

b) His parents were very poor.

c) His community people were suffering of various diseases.

d) After he met with an accident with his wife.

20. In which year Christian Barnard performed world's first human to human heart transplantation?

a) 1913

b) 1939

**c) 1967**

d) 1947

21. Christian Barnard has penned \_\_\_\_ books and 235 scientific journals.

a) 100

**b) 14**

c) 25

d) 78

22. Which of the following books is not the works of Christian Barnard?

- a) The Faith
- b) The Best Medicine
- c) One life

**d) Prevention Myths**

**Frame the illustrative sentences to distinguish the meaning of the words from the clusters.**

23. The\_\_\_\_\_ is armed with nuclear weapons.

- a) Career
- b) Carrier**
- c) Barrier
- d) Courier

24. At the end of her \_\_\_\_\_ she rose.

- a) Patience**
- b) Latent
- c) Patent
- d) Patient

25. It was an \_\_\_\_\_ which did not change her plan.

- a) Accident
- b) Incidence
- c) Incident**
- d) Insolent

26. Regular exercise can help to \_\_\_\_\_ the pain.

- a) Lesson
- b) Lessen**
- c) Lesion
- d) Essen

27. None can degrade ourselves \_\_\_\_\_ us.

- a) Expect

b) Crept

c) Accept

**d) Except**

28. Mary wanted to \_\_\_\_ all her connections with the firm.

a) Severe

**b) Sever**

c) Sewer

d) Truer

29. It is \_\_\_\_ near the park gate.

**a) Quite**

b) Quit

c) Fright

d) Quiet

30. The evening ended with a grand \_\_\_\_ of fireworks and music

a) Final

**b) Finale**

c) Alley

d) Feline

**Spot the errors in the following sentences.**

31. I had my evening meals in a restaurant near my office.

a) In

b) Near

**c) Meals**

d) My

32. The Boss had full confidence on his Manager for the completion of the project.

**a) On**

b) Had

c) For

d) His

33. After the complicated surgery, the patient hoped of complete recovery.

a) Hoped

**b) Of**

c) After

d) Complete

34. In spite of his poverty and setbacks, he was unable to launch his dream carrier.

**a) Carrier**

b) Was

c) In spite

d) To

35. My grandfather is well known for his nobel deeds.

a) For

b) Is

**c) Noble**

d) Deeds

**Poem: All the World's a Stage**

36. How many stages of human life are described by William Shakespeare?

**a) 7**

b) 10

c) 9

d) 5

37. Which of the following is mentioned as players in the world's stage?

a) Animals and Birds

**b) All Men and Women**

c) All living beings

d) Mountains and Oceans

38. Who does the man depends in the first stage of his life?

a) Siblings

b) Father

c) Guardian

**d) Mother (or)Nurse**

39. What does the entry and exit refers to?

a) Happiness and sorrow of human life

**b) Birth and Death of human life**

c) Success and Failure of Human

d) All the above

40. What is the figure of speech used in the lines below?

"Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms"

**a) Onomatopoeia**

b) Simile

c) Metaphor

d) Oxymoron

**Explanation**

Onomatopoeia: Onomatopoeia is the process of creating a word that phonetically imitates, resembles, or suggests the sound that it describes.

41. Which of these describes the school stage of human in the poem "All the World's a Stage"?

a) Viking

b) Winning

**c) Whining**

d) Brining

42. In which of the following lines Simile is used as a figure of speech?

**a) "And shining morning face, creeping like snail"**

- b) "And one man in his time plays many parts"
- c) "Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms"
- d) "And then the whining schoolboy, with his satchel"

43. Which of this human stage is described with "sighing like furnace"?

- a) School boy
- b) Infant
- c) Lover boy**
- d) Youth stage

44. What does the lover feel for his mistress?

- a) He writes a sad ballad describing the eyebrow of his mistress.
- b) He is full of wise saws and modern instances.
- c) The lover is always sighing and longing for his beloved one.

**d) Both a and c**

45. Find the figure of speech used in the lines, "Bearded like the pard"?

- a) Personification
- b) Metaphor
- c) Simile**
- d) Alliteration

#### **Explanation**

Simile: The figures of speech used in the above given statement is Simile because direct comparison is shown between the soldier bearded and the pard. Shakespeare refers that the soldier is short tempered and foul-mouthed. Also, 'pard' refers to the leopard.

46. In which of these human stages the soldier guards his country?

- a) Fourth**
- b) Sixth
- c) Third
- d) Fifth

47. What is the figure of speech used in these lines, "Seeking the bubble reputation"?

- a) Alliteration
- b) Simile
- c) Metaphor**
- d) Allusion

**Explanation**

Human reputation is compared with the short lived bubble.

48. Which of these adjectives does not describe the fifth stage of a human?

- a) Severe eyes
- b) Quick in quarrel**
- c) Formal cut beard
- d) Wise saws

49. According to Shakespeare in which of these stages a man became lean and shifts to pantaloons?

- a) Sixth**
- b) Third
- c) Fourth
- d) Fifth

50. Which of these is lost in the sixth stage of a man specified in "All the World's a Stage"?

- a) Shining face
- b) Fair round belly
- c) Deep voice**
- d) Formal cut

51. Which of the following figure of speech is used in the phrase, "For his Shrunk shank"?

- a) Allusion
- b) Alliteration**
- c) Repetition
- d) Oxymoron

**Explanation**

Alliteration- It is the occurrence of the same sound at the beginning of closely connected words.

52. What does the word sans means in the line below?

"Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans teeth, sans everything"

a) Without

b) Large

c) True

d) Comparison

**53. Match**

A. Dialogues                      i) Roles played human beings

B. Characters                    ii) Story of life

C. Stage                          iii) Conversation

D. Script                         iv) Life

a) ii, i, iii, iv

b) i, iv, iii, ii

c) iii, i, iv, ii

d) iv, i, iii, ii

54. William Shakespeare was a profile writer during the \_\_\_\_\_ Renaissance.

a) English

b) Indian

c) Italian

d) American

55. All the world's a stage is spoken by \_\_\_\_\_ in the Shakespeare's act "As you like it".

a) Ophelia

b) Prospero

c) Jaques

d) Lago

56. Quinquagenarian refers to the \_\_\_\_\_ age group of human.

a) 50-59

b) 30-39

c) 80-89

d) 20-29

### **SUPPLEMENTARY: The Hour of Truth**

57. The play "The Hour of Truth" describes the testing situation of Robert Baldwin's \_\_\_\_\_.

a) **Honesty**

b) Crime

c) Patience

d) Status

58. Who was arrested for misappropriating the bank money?

a) Robert Baldwin

b) John

c) **Gresham**

d) Evie Baldwin

59. "The Hour of the Truth" play starts in a hot and sultry \_\_\_\_\_.

a) Monday

b) **Sunday**

c) Friday

d) Saturday

60. How old is John, Baldwin's son?

a) 16

b) 34

c) **27**

d) 21

61. Why did Gresham want to meet Baldwin?

a) To request Baldwin to take care of his family.

b) To hand over all the documents to Baldwin.

**c) To discuss about how to come out of his arrest.**

d) To manage Gresham bank accounts.

62. How did Martha know about the Bank issue?

a) Baldwin told her a few months back.

**b) By reading the news paper articles.**

c) John informed Martha about the Bank problem.

d) Martha's friends were discussing about Gresham.

63. Why Martha thought that Baldwin may not allow her to withdraw money from the Bank?

**a) Baldwin will feel that it wouldn't be loyal to Gresham.**

b) Baldwin had a partnership with Gresham.

c) Baldwin was the Governor of the Bank.

d) Baldwin did not want to spread the news about the Bank.

64. Who is the speaker of these, "What does Gresham want with the governor"?

a) Martha

b) Evie

**c) John**

d) Marshall

65. Donovan was \_\_\_\_ to whom John had a conversation the day before the arrest.

a) Police man

**b) Assistant Cashier**

c) Security person

d) Personal Assistant

66. According to John's opinion who was the only witness against Gresham?

**a) Baldwin**

b) Martha

c) Donovan

d) Marshall

67. What did John tell about Gresham to his mother?

a) Gresham was innocent and he was so honest.

b) Gresham did not have the experience of handling the Bank correctly.

**c) Gresham underpaid his employees and also robbed the money of his depositors.**

d) Gresham was under the economical crisis and he wanted to save him from Bankruptcy.

68. Baldwin was pegging as Gresham's secretary at \_\_\_\_ dollars a week.

**a) Sixty**

b) Five thousand

c) One Hundred

d) One Million

69. What did Baldwin advised Gresham to do after knowing about the bankruptcy?

a) To escape from the country.

**b) To close the bank.**

c) To have a meeting with the employees.

d) To request a help from the Government officials.

70. How Gresham wanted Baldwin to help him from his trails?

a) To tell lies about the honesty nature of Gresham.

b) To prove that Gresham was innocent by his records.

**c) To answer that he doesn't remember anything about the facts.**

d) To ready some fake documents against the employees.

71. Baldwin knows Gresham for about \_\_\_\_ years.

**a) 35**

b) 12

c) 20

d) 48

72. What did Gresham offered Baldwin to help him against his trails?

- a) A private villa
- b) Hundred Thousand dollars**
- c) Half of his personal property
- d) One million dollars

73. Who said these, "Just that: three words only"?

- a) Evie
- b) Martha
- c) John
- d) Baldwin**

74. What was the compliment Baldwin got from Gresham for his honesty?

- a) Baldwin showed his anger on Gresham and he was frightened.
- b) Gresham did not want Baldwin to appear in the trails for him.
- c) When Baldwin rejected his money offer Gresham was not surprised.**
- d) Gresham was scared to ask help from Baldwin.

75. Why Baldwin didn't want the money from Gresham?

- a) Baldwin thought that the money will be from the depositors account.
- b) Baldwin did not want to be a dishonourable man for his life.**
- c) Baldwin was scared of getting caught with Gresham.
- d) Gresham was secretly recording Baldwin to prove his dishonesty.

76. How John and Evie felt for the huge money offer from Gresham to their father?

- a) Bad
- b) Angry
- c) Happy
- d) Tempted**

77. How John convinced Baldwin to save Gresham?

- a) Baldwin should save his friend at any cost.
- b) John was named after his friend as John Gresham Baldwin.**

c) Gresham did not commit anything wrong against the depositors.

d) By accepting the money offer would make them happy.

78. What did Martha tell about Gresham to Baldwin?

**a) Baldwin's act is like betraying his friend Gresham.**

b) Baldwin is doing the correct thing for his honesty.

c) Baldwin may reconsider about saving Gresham from his trails.

d) Baldwin can simply say that he does not remember anything about the facts.

79. Mr. Marshall was the \_\_\_\_ of the Third National Bank.

a) Clerk

b) Cashier

**c) President**

d) Governor

80. What did Marshall said to Baldwin and his family?

**a) Marshall offered a position in his bank praising Baldwin's honesty.**

b) Marshall wanted to convey the request of Gresham to Baldwin.

c) Marshal also offered a huge amount of money to convict Gresham.

d) Marshall was sorry that he could not offer a job for Baldwin.

81. Percival Wilde's belonged to \_\_\_\_\_ city.

a) Paris

b) Toronto

**c) New York**

d) Scotland

82. Which of these were portrayed in the Percival Wilde's plays?

a) Society

**b) Values of life**

c) Communalism

d) Human nature

**GRAMMAR:**

**Change the following sentences into Passive Voice**

83. The Governor inaugurated the exhibition at ten o' clock.

**a) The exhibition was inaugurated by the Governor at ten o' clock.**

b) The exhibition at ten o' clock was inaugurated by the Governor.

c) The Governor had inaugurating the exhibition at ten o'clock.

d) The Ten o' clock exhibition was inaugurated by the Governor.

84. Who taught her Computer Science?

a) Computer Science was taught by whom?

b) Whom was taught Computer Science by her?

**c) By whom she was taught Computer science?**

d) Who was teaching Computer Science to her?

85. The President gave the Commander an award.

**a) The Commander was given an award by the President.**

b) An award was given by the President to the Commander.

c) The Commander was awarded by the President.

d) The Award by the President was given to the Commander.

86. Do not tell a lie.

a) Anyone is not telling lie.

**b) You are advised not to tell a lie.**

c) Lie is not told by anyone.

d) Let a lie not be told by you.

87. Please open the door.

a) Door is opened please.

b) Let the door be opened please.

**c) You are requested to open the door.**

d) You are asked to open the door.

88. They say he is a spy.

**a) It is said by them that he is a spy.**

b) It is said as he is a spy by them.

c) He is a spy which is said by them.

d) Someone said that he is a spy.

89. People burn a great deal of wood in winter.

a) In winter great deal of wood is burnt by people.

b) Wood of great deal is burnt by people in winter.

c) People burnt in winter a great deal of wood.

**d) A great deal of wood is burnt in the winter by people.**

90. It is time to stop the work.

a) Stop the work.

**b) It is time for the work to be stopped.**

c) It is to be stopped at time.

d) Work is stopped at time by us.

91. Where had you kept the book?

**a) Where had the book been kept by you?**

b) Where the book was kept by you?

c) Where the book is kept by you?

d) Where did you keep the book?

92. How did you do the experiment?

a) How is the experiment done by you?

b) How the experiment did by you?

**c) How was the experiment done by you?**

d) How you do the experiment?

**Change the following into Active Voice.**

93. The smuggler has been nabbed by the police.

- a) **The Police has nabbed the smuggler.**
- b) The Smuggler was nabbed by the police.
- c) The Police was nabbing the smuggler.
- d) The Nabbing of smuggler is done by the police.

94. By whom were you interviewed?

- a) Whom did interviews you?
- b) Who was interviewing you?
- c) **Who interviewed you?**
- d) Who was the interviewer for you?

95. Not a word was spoken by the convict in self-defence.

- a) The convict about self-defence is not spoken.
- b) **The convict did not speak a word in self-defence.**
- c) The convict has not spoken any word ain self-defence.
- d) The Self-defence was not spoken by the convict.

96. Good news is expected shortly.

- a) Shortly expect good news.
- b) Expect shortly good news.
- c) Good news of short is expected.
- d) **We expect good news shortly.**

97. The mail has been just received.

- a) Mail was receiving by them.
- b) **He/ She just received the mail.**
- c) He/ She is been receiving the mail.
- d) They were receiving the mail.

98. Our television is being repaired now.

- a) Someone repairs our television.
- b) **The Mechanic is repairing our television now.**

c) Anyone can repair our television.

d) Television repairing is being done.

99. Sweets have not been distributed to children by the organisers.

**a) The Organisers have not distributed the sweets to children.**

b) The children were not given sweets by the organisers.

c) The organisers are not giving sweets to the children.

d) The sweets of organisers were not given to the children.

100. Prizes were being given by the chief guest.

a) The chief guest prizes were given.

b) The prize was gave by the chief guest.

**c) The chief guest was giving the prizes.**

d) The Prizes are gave by the chief guest.

101. Nobody has been seen in the library this week.

a) This week no one was seen in library.

**b) We have not seen anyone in the library this week.**

c) Library was seen by no one this week.

d) Anyone not seen by anybody this week.

102. You are advised to help the people and needy.

a) People of needy are helped.

b) Help and needy people are advised.

**c) Help the poor and needy.**

d) Advise is given to needy people.

103. You are requested to make a cup of tea for the guest.

**a) Please make a cup of tea for the guest.**

b) Made a cup of tea for guest.

c) Guest made a cup of tea.

d) Kindly do the cup of tea for guest.

**Add the suitable question tag to the following sentences.**

104. The Children are very happy today.

- a) Aren't it?
- b) Weren't they?
- c) Aren't they?**
- d) Were they?

105. We enjoyed the trip very much.

- a) Do we?
- b) Didn't we?**
- c) Doesn't we?
- d) Don't we?

106. My mother rarely travels by the bus.

- a) Does she?**
- b) Didn't she?
- c) Don't she?
- d) Wasn't she?

107. Somebody must bell the cat.

- a) Couldn't it?
- b) Will they?
- c) Mustn't they?**
- d) Can't we?

108. I am always the winner.

- a) Aren't I?**
- b) Shouldn't I?
- c) Were we?
- d) Wasn't I?

109. Don't commit this mistake again.

- a) Can't we?
- b) Could you?
- c) Will you?**
- d) Won't you?

110. There is a pharmacy near the bus stand.

- a) Would they?
- b) Isn't it?**
- c) Weren't it?
- d) Wasn't it?

111. Bacteria can never survive in extreme weather conditions.

- a) Can't it?**
- b) Won't they?
- c) Should it?
- d) Will they?

112. I am not smart as you are.

- a) Was I?
- b) Weren't I?
- c) Am I?**
- d) Couldn't I?

113. The boys broke the window pane last evening.

- a) Will they?
- b) Didn't they?**
- c) Wasn't it?
- d) Don't we?

114. Leaves wither during autumn.

- a) Don't they?**
- b) Did they?

c) Weren't it?

d) Was they?

**Correct the error in the question tag in the following sentences.**

115. The evil doers cannot cross the path of the truth, can't they?

a) Couldn't they?

b) Won't it?

c) Will they?

**d) Can they?**

116. The vegetables in the fridge are still fresh. Aren't it?

a) Weren't they?

**b) Aren't they?**

c) Can they?

d) Couldn't we?

117. I claim to be the person of faith and prayer, aren't I?

**a) Don't I?**

b) Do I?

c) Was I?

d) Weren't I?

118. Both the sisters have left for Canada, aren't they?

a) Are they?

b) Were they?

**c) Haven't they?**

d) Hasn't they?

119. The Chief Guest spoke a few words, did he?

**a) Didn't he?**

b) Do we?

c) Do he?

d) Does he?

120. The rhinoceros has a horn made of keratin, haven't they?

a) Did they?

b) Don't it?

**c) Hasn't it?**

d) Do they?